Printed I	Page:- ()4	Subject Code:- AMICSE0304		
		Roll. No:		
NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA				
(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)				
M.Tech (Integrated)				
SEM: III - CARRY OVER THEORY EXAMINATION - AUGUST 2023				
Subject: Digital Logic & Circuit Design				
Time: 3		Max. Marks: 100		
	Instructions:			
IMP: Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.				
1. This Question paper comprises of three Sections -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice				
Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions. 2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right, hand side of each question.				
2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question. 2. Ulustrate your answers with post sketches wherever possessary.				
3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.4. Assume suitable data if necessary.				
5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.				
6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be				
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	SECTIO	N A 20		
4		20		
1. Attem	pt all parts:-	7		
1-a.	The logical expression $Y = \Sigma m(0, 3, 6, 3)$	<i>1</i> , 10, 12, 15) is equivalent to (CO1)		
	(a) πM(0, 3, 6, 7, 10, 12, 15)			
	(b) πM(1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14)			
	(c) Σm(1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14)			
	(d) Σm(0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14)			
1-b.	There are Minterms for :	3 variables (a, b, c) (CO1) 1		
	(a) 12			
	(b) 10			
	(c) 4			
	(d) 8			
1-c.	There are cells in a 4-variable K-	map. (CO2) 1		
	(a) 16			
	(b) 12			
	(c) 18			
	• •			

while the PLA only has a programmable AND plane

	(d) The FAL has more possible product terms than the FLA		
1-j.	The communication between memory and its environment is achieved through (CO5)	1	
	(a) Control lines		
	(b) Data input/output lines		
	(c) Address selection lines		
	(d) All of the Mentioned		
2. Atte	empt all parts:-		
2.a.	Draw the logical circuit of AND Gate using NAND Gate. (CO1)	2	
2.b.	Define encoder. (CO2)	2	
2.c.	Define binary counter. (CO3)	2	
2.d.	Define synchronous and asynchronous circuits. (CO4)	2	
2.e.	Why are ROMs called non-volatile memory? (CO5)	2	
	SECTION B	30	
3. Ans	wer any <u>five</u> of the following:-		
3-a.	Construct the Hamming code for the 4 bit data 1010. Consider the even parity. (CO1)	6	
3-b.	Minimize the given Boolean Expression by using the four-variable K-Map. F (A, B, C, D) = Σ m (1, 5, 6, 12, 13, 14) + d (2, 4). (CO1)	6	
3-c.	Design a 16-to-1 multiplexer using two 8-to-1 multiplexer having an active-LOW Enable input. (CO2)		
3-d.	Implement the SUM and CARRY Boolean functions of full adder using multiplexers. (CO2)	6	
3.e.	Explain the working of serial in serial out (SISO) shift register in detail. (CO3)	6	
3.f.	Difference between fundamental mode circuits and pulse-mode circuits. (CO4)	6	
3.g.	Differentiate between SRAM and DRAM. (CO5)	6	
	SECTION C	50	
4. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-		
4-a.	Implement the original and minimised expression for the function: $Y = A' B + AB' + A B$ using NAND Gate also count the Gate required to implement the boolean expression. (CO1)	10	
4-b.	Explain the Hamming code. If the Hamming code sequence 1100110 is transmitted and due to error in one position, is received as 1110110, locate the	10	

position of the error bit using parity checks and give the method for obtaining the correct sequence. (CO1)

5. Answer any one of the following:-

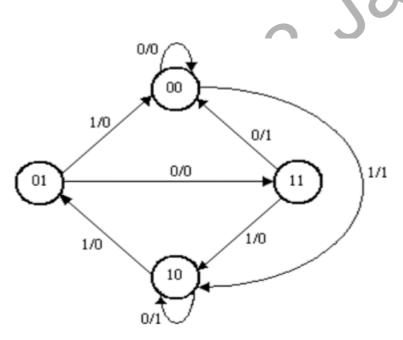
- 5-a. Design a combinational circuit that accepts a three-bit number and generate an 10 output. (CO2)
- 5-b. Design a 4 bit magnitude comparator. (CO2)

6. Answer any one of the following:-

- 6-a. Explain J-K flip-flop with PRESET and CLEAR inputs using proper logic diagrams 10 and truth tables. (CO3)
- 6-b. Explain the steps involved in the design of sequential logic circuits and Describe 10 the operation of a 2-bit synchronous binary counter. (CO3)

7. Answer any one of the following:-

- 7-a. Enlist the categories of state machines and Draw the state and flow table of 10 asynchronous counter. (CO4)
- 7-b. A sequential Circuit has one input and one output. The state diagram is shown 10 in figure. Design the sequential circuit using D Flip Flop (CO4)



8. Answer any one of the following:-

- 8-a. Compare various programmable devices. (CO5)
- 8-b. Design PAL for a combinational circuit that squares a 3 bit number. (CO5)