# NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA 

 (An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow) B.TechSEM: III - CARRY OVER THEORY EXAMINATION - APRIL 2023
Subject: Data Structures and Algorithms Design
Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 100

## General Instructions:

IMP: Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.

1. This Question paper comprises of three Sections -A, B, \& C. It consists of Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's) \& Subjective type questions.
2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.
3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
4. Assume suitable data if necessary.
5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.
6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

## SECTION A

## 1. Attempt all parts:-

1-a. Which of these best describes an array?[CO1]
(a) A data structure that shows a hierarchical behavior
(b) Container of objects of similar types
(c) Arrays are immutable once initialised
(d) Array is not a data structure

1-b. When the user tries to delete the element from the empty stack then the 1 condition is said to be a $\qquad$ .[CO1]
(a) Underflow
(b) Garbage collection
(c) Overflow
(d) None of the above

1-c. Which of the following is/are property/properties of a dynamic programming 1 problem?[CO2]
(a) Optimal substructure
(b) Overlapping subproblems
(c) Both optimal substructure and overlapping subproblems
(d) Greedy approach

1-d. Time complexity of Activity selection problem is [CO2]
(a) $O(\lg n)$
(b) $O(n \lg n)$
(c) $O(n)$
(d) $\mathrm{O}(2 \mathrm{n})$

1-e. Consider the following stack implemented using stack.\#define SIZE 11 [CO3] struct STACK

$$
\{
$$

int arr[SIZE];
int top=-1;
\}
(a) 8
(b) 9
(c) 11
(d) 10

1-f. To represent hierarchical relationship between elements, which data structure is suitable?[CO3]
(a) Dequeue
(b) Prioriy
(c) Tree
(d) Graph

1-g. Which of the following is a true about Binary Trees?[CO4]
(a) Every binary tree is either complete or full.
(b) Every complete binary tree is also a full binary tree.
(c) Every full binary tree is also a complete binary tree.
(d) None of the above

1-h. In a max-heap, element with the greatest key is always in the which node?[CO4]
(a) Leaf node
(b) First node of left sub tree
(c) root node
(d) First node of right sub tree

1-i. For a given graph $G$ having v vertices and e edges which is connected and has no cycles, which of the following statements is true?[CO5]
(a) $v=e$
(b) $v=e+1$
(c) $v+1=e$
(d) $v=e-1$

1-j. Which of the following statements for a simple graph is correct?[CO5]
(a) Every path is a trail
(b) Every trail is a path
(c) Every trail is a path as well as every path is a trail
(d) Path and trail have no relation

## 2. Attempt all parts:-

2.a. Explain what is a recursive algorithm?[CO1] 2
2.b. List out Disadvantages of Divide and Conquer Algorithm.[CO2] 2
2.c. Explain how a circular queue can be implemented using arrays.[CO3] 2
2.d. Write the advantages of threaded binary tree.[CO4] 2
2.e. The number of elements in the adjacency matrix of a graph having 7 vertices 2 is?[CO5]

## SECTION B

3. Answer any five of the following:-

3-a. Describe the storage structure of Array. Also Explain Various types of Array in 6 details.[CO1]

3-b. Explain Row and column major order in details.[CO1] 6
3-c. Define sorting.How the Merge sort is done with the array?[CO2] 6
3-d. Worst case of Quicksort occurs when array is already sorted", Support or 6
Contradict this statement using suitable explaination.[CO2]
3.e. Explain with necessary algorithms, the Implementation of stack using linked 6
list.[CO3]
3.f. List out the steps involved in deleting a node from a binary search tree.[CO4] 6
3.g. What do you understand by minimum cost of a graph? What is its use? [CO5] 6

SECTION C 50
4. Answer any one of the following:-

4-a. Apply insertion sort and sort the following elements 16,15,4,13,2,1.[CO1] 10

4-b. Explain the working of linear search technique with one example.[CO1]

## 5. Answer any one of the following:-

5-a. Elaborate how backtracking technique can be used to solve the n-queens 10 problem. Explain with an example.[CO2]

5-b. There are ' $n$ ' different activity are given with their starting and ending 10 time.Select minimum number of activity to solve by a single person. i)- Sort the activity with their ending time. ii)-Find compatible activity and add to list. Activity: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A7, A8, A9 Starting time: $1,2,4,1,5,8,9,11,13$ Finish time: 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 16 . [CO2]

## 6. Answer any one of the following:-

6-a. Write an algorithm to insert and delete a node from doubly linked list. Illustrate 10 with an example.[CO3]

6-b. Write an algorithm for insertion and deletion of elements for a queue. Use a 10 Boolean variable to distinguish between a queue being empty or full.[CO3]

## 7. Answer any one of the following:-

7-a. Write a short note on: i)B- Tree ii) Heap Tree iii)Extended Binary Tree iv) AVL 10 Tree [CO4]

7-b. Explain Binary Search tree and analyze the algorithms of BST using suitable 10 example.[CO4]
8. Answer any one of the following:-

8-a. Implement Dijkstra's algorithm. Analyse it space and time complexity using 10 both array and minheap. [CO5]

8-b. How the graph can be represented in memory? Explain with suitable 10 example.[CO5]

