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Subject Code:- ACSAI0301

Roll. No:

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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA

(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

B.Tech

SEM: III - CARRY OVER THEORY EXAMINATION - APRIL 2023

Subject: Introduction to Artificial Intelligence

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

General Instructions:

IMP: Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.

1. This Question paper comprises of **three Sections -A, B, & C.** It consists of Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.

2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.

3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.

4. Assume suitable data if necessary.

5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.

6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

SECTION A

20

1. Attempt all parts:-

- 1-a. The action of the Simple reflex agent completely depends upon _____ (CO1) 1
- (a) Perception history
 - (b) Current perception
 - (c) Learning theory
 - (d) Utility functions
- 1-b. The first AI programming language was called:(CO1) 1
- (a) BASIC
 - (b) FORTRAN
 - (c) IPL
 - (d) LISP
- 1-c. BFS stand for.(CO2) 1
- (a) Behind-first search
 - (b) Breadth-first search
 - (c) Back-first search

- (d) None of the mentioned
- 1-d. Problem specific knowledge beyond the definition of the problem is used in _____ search.(CO2) 1
- (a) Informed search
 - (b) Depth-first search
 - (c) Breadth-first search
 - (d) Uninformed search
- 1-e. How do you represent "all dogs have tails"?(CO3) 1
- (a) $\forall x: \text{dog}(x) \text{ has tail}(x)$
 - (b) $\forall x: \text{dog}(x) \text{ has tail}(y)$
 - (c) $\forall x: \text{dog}(y) \text{ has tail}(x)$
 - (d) None
- 1-f. Knowledge comes from processed information which at the root level comes from the ____.(CO3) 1
- (a) Knowledge
 - (b) Intelligence
 - (c) Information
 - (d) Data
- 1-g. Knowledge and reasoning also play a crucial role in dealing with _____ environment.(CO4) 1
- (a) Completely Observable
 - (b) Partially Observable
 - (c) Neither Completely nor Partially Observable
 - (d) Only Completely and Partially Observable
- 1-h. How many types of rules are there in rule based system?(CO4) 1
- (a) 2
 - (b) 3
 - (c) 4
 - (d) 5
- 1-i. The process by which the brain orders actions needed to complete a specific task is referred as (CO5) 1
- (a) Planning problem
 - (b) Partial order planning

	(c) Total order planning	
	(d) Both Planning problem & Partial order planning	
1-j.	Which is used to improve the agents performance (CO5)	1
	(a) Perceiving	
	(b) Learning	
	(c) Observing	
	(d) None of the above	

2. Attempt all parts:-

2.a.	Explain Knowledge Pyramid.(CO1)	2
2.b.	What are the three main parts for a search?(CO2)	2
2.c.	Define Partitioned Nets.(CO3)	2
2.d.	What are the various Knowledge Representation Schemes?(CO4)	2
2.e.	What are the three methods of reasoning in Artificial Intelligence?(CO5)	2

SECTION B

30

3. Answer any five of the following:-

3-a.	What are the core components of Learning System? What do you mean by well defined Learning System?(CO1)	6
3-b.	What is the role of intelligent agent in AI? (CO1)	6
3-c.	What are the basic attributes of types of training in a Learning System? (CO2)	6
3-d.	What are the two branches in Constraint Programming? Briefly explain the difference between these two branches.(CO2)	6
3.e.	Determine using tableau method, whether the following sets of expressions are mutually inconsistent consistent i.) $PVQ, \sim PV \sim Q$ ii.) $P \rightarrow Q, Q \rightarrow R, R \rightarrow S, P \rightarrow S$ iii.) $P \wedge \sim Q, \sim P \wedge Q$ iv.) $PVQ, \sim P \wedge \sim Q$ v.) $\sim PVQ, Q \wedge \sim R, R \rightarrow S, UV \sim S, P \wedge \sim U$ (CO3)	6
3.f.	Write advantages and disadvantages of Expert system.(CO4)	6
3.g.	Explain the Reinforcement Learning in details.(CO5)	6

SECTION C

50

4. Answer any one of the following:-

4-a.	Discuss the problem solving techniques. Why problem solving is important in AI? (CO1)	10
4-b.	What are the characteristics of AI problem? Explain with example.(CO1)	10

5. Answer any one of the following:-

- 5-a. What is Problem Solving? Explain Heuristic Search techniques.(CO2) 10
- 5-b. Write down the difference between BFS and DFS.(CO2) 10

6. Answer any one of the following:-

- 6-a. Explain water jug and monkey banana problems with example. (CO3) 10
- 6-b. Explain the algorithm of Resolution in Propositional logic with suitable example.(CO3) 10

7. Answer any one of the following:-

- 7-a. Describe Semantic net and frames with suitable example.(CO4) 10
- 7-b. Define Expert System and how it is implemented in real life. Also list its pros and cons.(CO4) 10

8. Answer any one of the following:-

- 8-a. Discuss Probabilistic reasoning in Artificial intelligence in detail.(CO5) 10
- 8-b. What are the advantages and disadvantages of Genetic Algorithms? What are the Stopping Conditions that a genetic algorithm may implement?(CO5) 10