| Printed F | Page:- 04 Subjection | ect Code:- AME0613 | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Roll. | No: | | | |
| | | | | | |
| I | NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND T | ECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA | | | |
| (An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow) | | | | | |
| | B.Tech | | | | |
| SEM: VI - THEORY EXAMINATION (2022-2023) | | | | | |
| - : | Subject: Vehicle Body E | | | | |
| | 3 Hours | Max. Marks: 100 | | | |
| | l Instructions: rify that you have received the question paper wi | th the correct course code branch etc | | | |
| • | Question paper comprises of three Sections - | | | | |
| | ns (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions. | A, b, a c. It consists of manapic choice | | | |
| | num marks for each question are indicated on rig | aht -hand side of each auestion. | | | |
| | rate your answers with neat sketches wherever ne | | | | |
| 4. Assume suitable data if necessary. | | | | | |
| 5. Prefero | rably, write the answers in sequential order. | | | | |
| 6. No she | heet should be left blank. Any written ma | terial after a blank sheet will not be | | | |
| evaluatea | ed/checked. | | | | |
| 1 Attem | npt all parts:- | 20 | | | |
| | | d in towns of (CO1) | | | |
| 1-a. | The capacity of a battery is usually expressed | d in terms of (CO1) 1 | | | |
| | (a) Volts | | | | |
| | (b) Amperes | | | | |
| | (c) Weight | | | | |
| | (d) Ampere hours | | | | |
| 1-b. | The instrument used to check specific gravit | y of acid in a battery is (CO1) | | | |
| | (a) Hydrometer | | | | |
| | (b) Hygrometer | | | | |
| | (c) Anemometer | | | | |
| | (d) Multimeter | | | | |
| 1-c. | The tilting of the front wheels away from t | the vertical, when viewed from the 1 | | | |
| | front of the car, is called (CO2) | | | | |
| | (a) Camber | | | | |
| | (b) Caster | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| | (c) Toe in | |
|------|--|----|
| | (d) Toe out | |
| 1-d. | The formula for Iso-octane is (CO2) | 1 |
| | (a) C8H18 | |
| | (b) C7H17 | |
| | (c) C6H18 | |
| | (d) C7H18 | |
| 1-e. | In aluminium cylinder blocks, the cylinder liners are made of (CO3) | 1 |
| | (a) Aluminium | |
| | (b) Ceramic | |
| | (c) Brass | |
| | (d) Cast iron | |
| 1-f. | The main purpose of an engine's air cleaner is that it (CO3) | 1 |
| | (a) Controls the engine's air intake volume | |
| | (b) Reduces the engine's air intake noise | |
| | (c) Prevents rain water from entering the engine | |
| | (d) Prevents dust and other foreign matter from entering the engine | |
| 1-g. | The basic purpose of a four wheel drive (4WD) system is that it (CO4) | 1 |
| | (a) Delivers improved cornering on dry road surfaces | |
| | (b) Eliminates the need of snow tyres, tyre chains, etc. | |
| | (c) Ensures effective transmission of engine torque to all four wheels, even | or |
| | slippery road surfaces | |
| | (d) Ensures that effective braking can be performed, even on slippery surfac | es |
| 1-h. | An oil filter bypass valve opens when the (CO4) | 1 |
| | (a) Engine is cold | |
| | (b) Engine overheats | |
| | (c) Oil filter becomes clogged | |
| | (d) Engine runs at high speed | |
| 1-i. | Vulcanizing means (CO5) | 1 |
| | (a) Heating rubber under pressure | |
| | (b) Spraying with special paint | |
| | (c) Melting rubber while stirring it | |
| | (d) None of these | |

| 1-j. | Engine misfiring is likely to result from (CO5) | | | |
|--|--|----|--|--|
| | (a) Spark plug gap too small | | | |
| | (b) Spark plug gap too wide | | | |
| | (c) Vapours lock in the fuel only | | | |
| | (d) Incorrect fuel air mixture | | | |
| 2. Attempt all parts:- | | | | |
| 2.a. | What are post diagonals? (CO1) | 2 | | |
| 2.b. | How much carbon content is in steel? (CO2) | | | |
| 2.c. | What do you mean by static friction? (CO3) | | | |
| 2.d. | What is the purpose or ergonomics in design? (CO4) | | | |
| 2.e. | What are non deformable bodies? (CO5) | 2 | | |
| | SECTION B | 30 | | |
| 3. Answer any <u>five</u> of the following:- | | | | |
| 3-a. | What do you mean by seating arrangement in coaches? (CO1) | 6 | | |
| 3-b. | Compare between car and buses. (CO1) | 6 | | |
| 3-c. | What are the different properties of composites? (CO2) | 6 | | |
| 3-d. | What are the advantages of thermo plastics? (CO2) | 6 | | |
| 3.e. | What is the purpose of aerodynamics? (CO3) | | | |
| 3.f. | Define the effect of engine location on stability. (CO4) | | | |
| 3.g. | What is the function passive restraint system explain? (CO5) | 6 | | |
| | SECTION C | 50 | | |
| 4. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:- | | | | |
| 4-a. | Describe the angle of departure in detail. (CO1) | 10 | | |
| 4-b. | Differentiate between wheel cant rail and roof sticks. (CO1) | 10 | | |
| 5. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:- | | | | |
| 5-a. | Explain the difference between ABS and Styrene. (CO2) | 10 | | |
| 5-b. | Differentiate between high strength composites and metal matrix composites with examples and properties. (CO2) | 10 | | |
| 6. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:- | | | | |
| 6-a. | Describe the various tests performed with the scale models. (CO3) | 10 | | |
| 6-b. | What are the conditions for the aerodynamic loading conditions testing for vehicles? (CO3) | 10 | | |
| | | | | |

7. Answer any one of the following:-

- 7-a. Explain the various electronic displays used in vehicle with proper 10 example. (CO4)
- 7-b. Describe the various factors affecting the critical speed for toppling and 10 skidding? (CO4)

8. Answer any one of the following:-

- 8-a. What are the various methods to reduce the chassis bearing vibrations? (CO5) 10
- 8-b. Define and explain the laws of mechanisms applied to safety. (CO5)

