Printed Page:-

Subject Code:- ABT0502

Roll. No:

Max. Marks: 100

20

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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA

(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

B.Tech.

SEM: V - THEORY EXAMINATION (2022 - 2023)

Subject: Bioprocess Engineering

Time: 3 Hours

General Instructions:

IMP: Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.

1. This Question paper comprises of three Sections -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice Questions

(MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.

2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.

- 3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- 4. Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.

6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

SECTION A

1. Attempt all parts:-

- 1-a. Energy from food comes as (CO1)
 - (a) ATP
 - (b) ADP
 - (c) ACP
 - (d) None of these

1-b. Which condition is correct according to the growth of cells in beginning?(CO1)

- (a) Cells are in small amount
- (b) Cells are in medium amount
- (c) Cells are in large amount
- (d) Cells are negligible in amount

1-c. Up to what temperature does the enzymes of thermophilic organisms stay active?(CO2)

- (a) 90°C
- (b) 40°C
- (c) 35°C

(d) 200°C

- 1-d. The coenzyme is: (CO2)
 - (a) Often a metal
 - (b) always a protein
 - (c) often a vitamin
 - (d) always an inorganic compound

1-e.

- of the bioreactor. (CO3)
 - (a) Agitator
 - (b) Fan
 - (c) Cooler
 - (d) Coolant
- 1-f. For thorough mixing of medium and inoculum the part of fermenter useful is (CO3)

_____ is the part of a bioreactor helping in maintaining the homogeneity of the contents

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- (a) Shaft
- (b) Headspace
- (c) impeller
- (d) sparger

1-g. Biodiesel is produced from oils or fats using (CO4)

- (a) fermentation
- (b) transesterification
- (c) distillation
- (d) none of the above
- 1-h. The production of bio ethanol is by fermenting the _____ and starch components. 1 (CO4)
 - (a) Acid
 - (b) Milk
 - (c) Sugar
 - (d) Alcohol
- 1-i. Which of the following are the recommended heat temperature and time periods for the 1 moist heat sterilization method used in an autoclave? (CO5)
 - (a) 180 c for 5 minutes
 - (b) 121 c for 15 minutes

- (c) 126 c for 3 minutes
- (d) 160 c for 45 minutes
- 1-j. Nonionizing radiation and ionizing radiation are sterilization methods mainly used in 1 hospitals. Ultraviolet radiation is one example of nonionizing radiation, name the ionizing radiation? i(CO5)
 - (a) Infrared
 - (b) X-rays and gamma rays
 - (c) Halogens
 - (d) Ethylene oxide
- 2. Attempt all parts:-

2.a.	What is cryptic growth?(CO1)	2
2.b.	What is active site?(CO2)	2
2.c.	What is solid state fermentation?(CO3)	2
2.d.	How many amino acids does human insulin contain?(CO4)	2
2.e.	Name the different method of sterilization?(CO5)	2
	SECTION B	30
3. Answer	any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	What are the different direct and indirect methods of quantifying cell number density? (CO1)	6
3-b.	How can you determine cell number density? Discuss in detail?(CO1)	6
3-с.	Write the difference between enzyme catalysts and chemical catalysts?(CO2)	6
3-d.	With the help of suitable diagram discuss about the lock and key model of enzyme catalysis?	6
	(CO2)	
3.e.	Draw a schematic diagram of solid-state fermentation? (CO3)	6
3.f.	Write any seven applications of bioprocess engineering? (CO4)	6
3.g.	Discuss in detail about the essential parameters that need to be considered while operating a	6
	bioreactor?(CO5)	
	SECTION C	50
4. Answer	any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a.	Draw and explain microbial growth curve with different phases?(CO1)	10
- −a.	Draw and explain interoblat growth curve with different phases:(COT)	1

- 4-b. Explain quantitative analysis of microbial gowth by direct and indirect methods?(CO1) 10
- 5. Answer any one of the following:-

- 5-a. Diagrammatically explain about the internal and external biomass feedback in detail?(CO2) 10
- 5-b. What is enzyme immobilization? What type of materials are used for enzyme 10 immobilization? Discuss their properties?(CO2)

6. Answer any one of the following:-

- 6-a. Explain scale-up process of a bioreactor? Also discuss about the different parameters that 10 must be considered during the scale-up of a bioreactor?(CO3)
- 6-b. Explain scale-down process of a bioreactor? Also discuss about the different parameters that 10 must be considered during the scale-down of a bioreactor?(CO3)

7. Answer any one of the following:-

7-a. With the help of schematic diagram, discuss about the different stages of bioprocess 10 development?(CO4)

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- 7-b. Explain briefly about penicillin production?(CO4)
- 8. Answer any one of the following:-
- 8-a. Explain briefly about continuous sterilization with their advantages and disadvantages? 10 (CO5)
- 8-b. What are the different methods for fermentation process optimization?(CO5) 10