Printed Page:-

Subject Code:- AME0302

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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA

(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

B,Tech.

SEM: III - THEORY EXAMINATION (2022 - 2023)

Subject: Materials Science and Engineering

Time: 3 Hours

General Instructions:

IMP: Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.

1. This Question paper comprises of three Sections -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice Questions

(MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.

2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.

- 3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- 4. Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.

6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

1. Attempt all parts:-

1-a. The space lattices with two lattice parameters belong to the crystal systems (CO1)

- (a) Tetragonal
- (b) Rhombohedral
- (c) Hexagonal
- (d) All of above

1-b. The minimum number of ions in the unit cell of an ionic crystal with FCC space lattice is 1 (CO1)

- (a) 4
- (b) 8
- (c) 12
- (d) 16

1-c. Cold working of steel is defined as working (CO2)

- (a) At its recrystallisation temperature
- (b) Above its recrystallisation temperature

Max. Marks: 100

20

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- (c) Below its recrystallisation temperature
- (d) At two thirds of the melting temperature of the metal
- 1-d. As per Gibb's phase rule, if number of components is equal to 2 then the number of phases 1 will be (CO2)

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- (a) less than and equal to 2
- (b) less than and equal to 3
- (c) less than and equal to 4
- (d) less than and equal to 5
- 1-e. Diffusion taking place along a dislocation edge is known as (CO3)
 - (a) Inter-diffusion
 - (b) vacancy diffusion
 - (c) surface dissusion
 - (d) pipe diffusion
- 1-f. Calcium carbonate is used in the case of (CO3)
 - (a) Hardening
 - (b) Cyaniding
 - (c) Tempering
 - (d) Nitriding
- 1-g. Composite materials are classified based on (CO4)
 - (a) Type of matrix
 - (b) Size-and-shape of reinforcement
 - (c) Both
 - (d) None
- 1-h. Monel metal is an alloy of (CO4)
 - (a) Molybdenum and nickel
 - (b) Nickel and copper
 - (c) Molybdenum and aluminium
 - (d) Molybdenum and zinc
- 1-i. Which of the following is the function of the flame or emission system in atomic absorption 1 spectroscopy? (CO5)
 - (a) To split the beam into two
 - (b) To break the steady light into pulsating light

- (c) To filter unwanted components
- (d) To reduce the sample into atomic state
- 1-j. X-rays required for industrial applications generally need a voltage of (CO5)
 - (a) 500 V
 - (b) Below 50 kV
 - (c) Above 500 kV
 - (d) Above 50 kV

2. Attempt all parts:-

| 2.a. | Explain in brief atomic packing factor.(CO1) | 2 |
|------|---|----|
| 2.b. | Describe in brief Gibb's phase rule. (CO2) | 2 |
| 2.c. | Differentiate between microscopic and macroscopic diffusion.(CO3) | 2 |
| 2.d. | What are natural composites? Give an example.(CO4) | 2 |
| 2.e. | Explain in brief metallography.(CO5) | 2 |
| | SECTION B | 30 |

SECTION B

1

50

3. Answer any five of the following:-

| 3-a. | Differentiate between the Non destructive testing and the Destructive testing with examples. | | | | | |
|------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | (CO1) | | | | | |
| 3-b. | Explain the creep test with neat sketch and what is its importance? (CO1) | 6 | | | | |
| 3-с. | Explain the recrystallization and grain growth in working of metals. (CO2) | 6 | | | | |
| 3-d. | Differentiate between the cold and hot working of metals. (CO2) | 6 | | | | |
| 3.e. | Explain the martempering and austempering heat treatment. (CO3) | 6 | | | | |
| 3.f. | Draw the stress-strain diagram for a composite material and explain it. (CO4) | 6 | | | | |
| 3.g. | Explain the procedure of specimen preparation for microstructure examination. (CO5) | 6 | | | | |

SECTION C

4. Answer any one of the following:-

| 4-a. | Explain the fatigue test with a neat sketch and draw a S-N curve.(CO1) | 10 |
|------|--|----|
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What are the imperfections in materials and write their types, explain with a neat 4-b. 10 sketch.(CO1)

5. Answer any one of the following:-

Draw the iron-carbon equilibrium diagram and explain it. (CO2) 5-a. 10 What is meant by plain carbon steel and alloy steel ? Write about the various types of plain 5-b. 10 carbon steel and their applications. (CO2)

6. Answer any one of the following:-

| 6-a. | Draw the Time-Temperature-Transformation (T-T-T) diagram and explain it.(CO3) | | | | | |
|---|--|----|--|--|--|--|
| 6-b. | Explain the Fick's laws and its application in diffusion.(CO3) | | | | | |
| 7. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:- | | | | | | |
| 7-a. | What is meant by reinforcement materials? Write about their classification and | 10 | | | | |
| | applications.(CO4) | | | | | |
| 7-b. | What is meant by nano-materials? Write about their classification and applications.(CO4) | 10 | | | | |
| 8. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:- | | | | | | |
| 8-a. | Explain the X-Ray diffraction technique with a neat sketch in details.(CO5) | | | | | |
| 8-b. | Draw the planes of Miller Indices (2 1 2) in a cubic unit cell. Also find the inter planer | | | | | |
| | spacing (2 0 0) in FCC crystal structure having atomic radius 1.246A0 (A0 is Angstrom). | | | | | |

(CO5)