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Subject Code:- ACSE0307 Roll. No: NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA (An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow) B.Tech. SEM: III - CARRY OVER THEORY EXAMINATION - JUNE (2021 - 2022) Subject: Soft Computing Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100 General Instructions: 1. The question paper comprises three sections, A, B, and C. You are expected to answer them as directed. 2. Section A - Question No- 1 is 1 marker & Question No- 2 carries 2 mark each. 3. Section B - Question No-3 is based on external choice carrying 6 marks each. 4. Section C - Questions No. 4-8 are within unit choice questions carrying 10 marks each. 5. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked. SECTION A 20 1. Attempt all parts:-Who initiated the idea of Soft Computing? (CO1) 1 1-a. (a) Charles Darwin (b) Lotfi A Zadeh (c) Rechenberg (d) Mc_Culloch 1-b. Core of soft Computing is (CO1) 1 (a) Fuzzy Computing, Neural Computing, Genetic Algorithms (b) Fuzzy Networks and Artificial Intelligence (c) Artificial Intelligence and Neural Science (d) Neural Science and Genetic Science In artificial Neural Network, interconnected processing elements are called 1-c. 1 (CO2) (a) nodes or neurons (b) weights (c) axons (d) Soma 1-d. In which ANN, loops are allowed? (CO2) 1 (a) Feed Forward ANN (b) Feedback ANN (c) Both Feed Forward and Feedback ANN (d) None of these The train is running very fast. Here Very fast can be represented by (CO3) 1-e. 1 (a) Fuzzy Set (b) Crisp Set (c) Fuzzy & Crisp Set (d) None of the mentioned 1-f. Consider two fuzzy sets A and B with their membership functions $\mu_{\!A}$ and $\mu_{\!B}$. Then De 1 Morgan's law can be defined as (CO3) (a) $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$

(b) $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$ (c) $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$

	$(d) (A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$		
1	If x is A then y is B else y is C then the relation R is equivalent to: $(CO4)$	1	
	(a) $(A \times B) + (A \times C)$		
	(b) (A x B) U (A \times C)		
	(c) (A x B) -> (B x C) (d) (A x C) U (B x C)		
1	(d) (A X C) U (B X C) Civen two furges set A and B. A = $[(1, 0, 5), (2, 0, 1), (2, 0, 4)]$ and B = $[(1, 0, 2), (2, 0,$	1	
1	(5.5) Given two fuzzy set A and B, $A = \{(1, 0.5), (2, 0.1), (3, 0.4)\}$ and $B = \{(1, 0.2), (2, 0.5), (3, 0.5)\}$ Then union of the two fuzzy set i.e. A U B is given by: (CO4)	1	
	(a) $\{(1, 0.5), (2, 0.1), (3, 0.4)\}$		
	(b) $\{(1, 0.5), (2, 0.3), (3, 0.5)\}$		
	(c) $\{(1, 0.2), (2, 0.3), (3, 0.5)\}$		
	(d) $\{(1, 0.2), (2, 0.1), (3, 0.4)\}$		
1-i.	If the parent solutions are 1110111 and 1010101 and if the crossover site is 5, which of the following indicates one of the new offspring (CO5)	1	
	(a) 1110101		
	(b) 1110011		
	(c) 1010001		
	(d) 1110110		
1-j.	"Cross over probability is 1" states that: (CO5)	1	
	(a) all offspring are made by cross over		
	(b) Offspring is made from exact copies of chromosomes		
	(c) Both of these		
2 444	(d) None of these		
2. Attemp	What is an activation function? (CO1)	n	
2.a. 2.h	Define Supervised learning (CO2)	2	
2.0.	Explain Expervised learning. (CO2)	2	
2.C.	Explain Fuzzy if Then full with example. (CO3)	2	
2.u. 2.a	Explain Fuzzification in other. (CO4)	2	
2.e.	State Binary Encoding in Genetic Algorithm. (COS)	Z	
2 Angular	SECTION B 50		
3. Allswei	What is soft computing? How is it different from Hard computing? (CO1)	6	
3-a. 3 h	What is sold computing? How is it different from flatd computing? $(CO1)$	6	
3-0.	Explain (1) binery sigmoidal activation function (2) binelar sigmoidal activation function	6	
5-0.	(CO2)	0	
3-d.	Discuss the Adaline Neural Network system with suitable diagram. (CO2)	6	
3.e.	A = { $(x1,0.5),(x2,0.1),(x3,0.4)$ }, B = { $(x1,0.2),(x2,0.3),(x3,0.5)$ } Calculate the Disjunctive sum of the fuzzy set. (CO3)	6	
3.f.	Define and explain defuzzification and explain the different defuzzification methods. (CO4)	6	
3.g.	Differentiate Genetic Algorithm verses Traditional Algorithm. (CO5)	6	
	SECTION C 50		
4. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-			
4-a.	Draw the Structure of a Biological Neuron and explain in detail. (CO1)	10	
4-b.	Discuss five major applications of soft computing. (CO1)	10	
5. Answer	any <u>one</u> of the following:-		

5-a.	Calculate the Output of Neural Network for the inputs $x1=0.3$, $x2 = 0.4$ and bias $b=1$ with weight of 0.3 for bipolar activation function. Assume $w1=w2=1$. (CO2)	10	
5-b.	Write difference between Adaline and Madaline approaches in ANN? (CO2)	10	
6. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-			
6-a.	Give the properties of fuzzy sets and also explain the operations involved in it. (CO3)	10	
6-b.	Describe Fuzzy relation and explain its various operations. (CO3)	10	
7. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-			
7-a.	Define the term truth table. Give all fuzzy connectives used along with its truth table. (CO4)	10	
7-b.	Explain Air Conditioner Control using fuzzy logic. (CO4)	10	
8. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-			
8-a.	Explain Roulette Wheel Selection Method And Rank Selection Method. (CO5)	10	
8-b.	State the procedure of Genetic Algorithm and Draw the flow chart of Genetic Algorithm. Explain the Biological Background of GA. (CO5)	10	