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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA (An Autonomous Institute) Affiliated to Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam Technical University, Uttar Pradesh, Lucknow MBA SEM: I - THEORY EXAMINATION (2021 - 2022) Subject: Financial Accounting & Analysis Time: 03:00 Hours Max. Marks: 100 General Instructions: 1. All questions are compulsory. It comprises three Sections A, B and C. • Section A - Question No- 1 is objective type question carrying 1 mark each & Question No- 2 is very short type questions carrying 2 marks each. • Section B - Question No- 3 is Long answer type - I questions carrying 6 marks each. • Section C - Question No- 4 to 8 are Long answer type - II questions carrying 10 marks each. • No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a Blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked. SECTION A 20 1. Attempt all parts:-1 1-a. GAAP stands for: (CO1) 1. Generally Accepted Accounting Provisions 2. Generally Accepted Accounting Policies 3. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles 4. None of these 1-b. Which concept states that "for every debit, there is a credit"? (CO1) 1 1. Money Measurement Concept 2. Accounting Period Concept 3. Separate Entity Concept 4. Dual Aspect Concept 1-c. Ind AS will apply to _. (CO2) 1 1. both consolidated as well as standalone financials of the company. 2. Only consolidated financials 3. Only standalone financials 4. Optional 1-d. As part of Ind AS transition process, companies covered in first phase will have to prepare: 1 (CO2)1. Opening Ind AS Balance sheet as at 1 April 2015. 2. Equity reconciliation b/w Ind AS and Indian GAAP on 1 April 2015 & 31 Mar 2016. 3. Income Reconciliation b/w Ind AS and Indian GAAP for the year ending 31 Mar 2016. 4. All of the above 1-e. Transactions are first recorded in which book/account? (CO3) 1 1. Book of Original Entry 2. T Accounts 3. Accounting Equation 4. Book of Final Entry 1-f. Goods returned by customer will be debited to which account? (CO3) 1

- 2. Return outward
- 3. Customer's A/C
- 4. Return inward
- 1-g. The ratio analysis is helpful to management in taking several decisions, but as a mechanical 1 substitute for judgment and thinking, it is worse than useless. (CO4)
 - 1. TRUE
 - 2. FALSE
 - 3. No Idea
 - 4. May be

1-h. Which ratio is considered as safe margin of solvency? (CO4)
1. Liquid ratio
2. Quick ratio
3. Current ratio
4. None of the above

1-i. What are the aspects of working capital management? (CO5)

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- 1. inventory management
- 2. receivable management
- 3. cash management
- 4. all of the above
- 1-j. The major current assets are _____. (CO5)
 - 1. cash and marketable securities
 - 2. accounts receivable (debtors)
 - 3. inventory (stock)
 - 4. All of the above
- 2. Attempt all parts:-
- 2.a. What is basic accounting equation? (CO1)
- 2.b. State any two advantages of accounting standard. (CO2)
- 2.c. Define trade discount. (CO3)
- 2.d. Give full form of EBIT. (CO4)
- 2.e. Discuss cash flow statement. (CO5)

SECTION B

- 3. Answer any five of the following:-3-a. Explain the meaning and significance of business entity. (CO1) 6 3-b. What is the treatment of stock in final accounts? (CO1) 6 3-c. Explain the current asset and non-current assets. (CO2) 6 3-d. Define indirect expenses. Give two examples.(CO2) 6 Differentiate between journal and ledger. (CO3) 3.e. 6 3.f. Define accounting ratio. How the ratio analysis technique help in the financial analysis. (CO4) 6 3.g. Explain the main aim of cash flow analysis. (CO5) 6 SECTION C 50 4. Answer any one of the following:-
- 4-a.Which parties are interested in accounting and why? (CO1)104-b.Explain accounting concept s? Explain fully. (CO1)10
- 5. Answer any one of the following:-

5-a.	Differentiate between IFRS and Indian GAAP. (CO2)	10
5-b.	Prepare a trading and profit /loss account and a balance sheet with the help of imaginary figures. (CO2)	10
6. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-		
6-a.	Define journal. Explain its features. (CO3)	10
6-b.	Discuss all the rules of journalizing the transaction in detail. (CO3)	10
7. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-		
7-a.	Explain the importance of trend analysis. (CO4)	10
7-b.	Define financial statement analysis. How is it useful for management and creditors? (CO4)	10
8. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-		
8	Explain the importance of working capital management. What do you mean by poor working capital management? (CO5)	10
8	Explain how working capital management policies affect the profitability liquidity for the firm? (CO5)	10