Print	red Page:- Subject Code:- AMTAI0214 Roll. No:	
	NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA (An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow) M. Tech. SEM: II - THEORY EXAMINATION (2020 - 2021)	
Tin	Subject: Introduction to Blockchain me: 03:00 Hours Max. Marks:	70
Gene	eral Instructions:	
0	All questions are compulsory. It comprises of three Sections A, B and C. Section A - Question No- 1 is objective type question carrying 1 mark each & Question No- 2 is Veshort type questions carrying 2 marks each. Section B - Question No- 3 is Long answer type - 1 questions carrying 4 marks each. Section C - Question No- 4 to 8 are Long answer type -2 questions carrying 7 marks each.	ery
	SECTION A	15
1. At	tempt all parts:-	
1.a.	A blockchain is a type of?[CO1]	1
	1. Object	
	2. data	
	3. Line	
	4. View	
1.b.	Block hash allows for the formation of the chain link by embedding previous block hash in the current block header. True or False? [CO2]	1
	1. TRUE	
	2. FALSE	
1.c.	What are the possible faults handled by PBFT? [CO3]	1
	1. Crash fault	
	2. Byzantine Fault	
	3. Both	
	4. None	
1.d.	The data structure used for storing the recent transaction output is:[CO4]	1
	1. Blockchain	
	2. Merkle Tree	
	3. World State	
	4. Wallet	
1.e.	When a record is submitted in a blockchain, how can you alter it?[CO5]	1
	1. You need the public and private key to modify the record	
	2. Once submitted, records cannot be altered	

- 3. Only a miner has the right to modify a record in a certain timeframe
- 4. Only smart contracts have the right to modify the record

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2. Attemp	ot all parts:-			
2.a.	What is the genesis block?[CO1]	2		
2.b.	Define hash chain? [CO2]	2		
2.c.	Differentiate between Permissioned and Permissionless blockchain model ?[CO3]	2		
2.d.	Explain mining principle behind bitcoin and ethereum.[CO4]	2		
2.e.	What is Ethereum smart contracts?[CO5]	2		
	SECTION B	20		
3. Answer any five of the following-				
3-a.	What do you mean by block in Blockchain Technology?Elaborate.[CO1]	4		
3-b.	What is cryptography? What is its role in Blockchain?[CO1]	4		
3-c.	Explain key generation of RSA algorithm.[CO2]	4		
3-d.	What is a ledger? Is Blockchain an incorruptible ledger?[CO2]	4		
3.e.	Compare PoW with PoS, PoB and PoET.[CO3]	4		
3.f.	Describe the blockchain architecture for ethereum Blockchain.[CO4]	4		
3.g.	How transaction flooding controlled in bitcoin network?[CO5]	4		
	SECTION C	35		
4. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following-			
4-a.	Are there any network specific conditions for using Blockchain technology in an organization?[CO1]	7		
4-b.	Why is Blockchain called an Immutable Public Ledger.[CO1]	7		
5. Answer any one of the following-				
5-a.	Analyze the characteristics of cryptographically secured hash function and their use in blockchain.[CO2]	7		
5-b.	Discuss the properties of hash functions.[CO2]	7		
6. Answer any one of the following-				
6-a.	How proof of work based blockchain network defers following attacks:1.Double spending 2. Sybil Attack [CO3]	7		
6-b.	Compare permissioned and permissionless blockchain .[CO3] • Consensus mechanism • Privacy of data and transactions • Scalability of nodes • Throughput of transactions	7		
7. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following-			
7-a.	How consensus is achieved?What are the steps,Explain.[CO4]	7		
7-b.	How application interact with the ledger.[CO4]	7		
8. Answer any one of the following-				
8-a.	Explain mining principle behind bitcoin and ethereum.[CO5]	7		

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