Printed Page:-		Subject Code:- AAS0202		
(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU Lucknow)				
B.Tech.				
	SEM: II - THEORY EXAMINATION (2020	9 - 2021)		
_	Subject: Engineering Chemistry			
Time: 0	3:00 Hours	Max. Marks: 100		
General I	nstructions:			
∘ All c	uestions are compulsory. It comprises of three Sections A, B	and C.		
 Section A - Question No- 1 is objective type question carrying 1 mark each & Question No- 2 is Very 				
shoi	t type questions carrying 2 marks each.			
 Section B - Question No- 3 is Long answer type - 1 questions carrying 6 marks each. Section C - Question No 4 to 8 are Long answer type - 2 questions carrying 10 marks each. 				
0 000	ion o - Question No- 4 to o are Long answer type -2 question	ns carrying to marks each.		
	SECTION A	20		
1. Attempt all parts:-				
1-a.	Burning fossil fuels lead to (CO1)	1		
	1. Global warming			
	2. acid rain			
	3. air pollution			
	4. all of these			
1-b.	Which stage of vehicle emission norms presently applicable engine? (CO1)	e in India in Internal combustion 1		
	1. Bharat Stage III			
	2. Bharat Stage V			
	3. Bharat Stage VI			
	4. Bharat Stage IV			
1-c.	Which of the following method is also known as Deionizati (CO 2)	ion / demineralization process? 1		
	1. Calgon Process			
	2. Zeolite Process			
	3. Ion Exchange Process			
	4. Reverse Osmosis			
1-d.	The degree of freedom at triple point for water system	(CO 2) 1		
	1.0			
	2. 1			
	3. 2			
	4.3			

1-e.	Which among the following can NOT be used for Noble Coating of Iron? (CO 3)	1
	1. Nickel	
	2. Chromium	
	3. Platinum	
	4. Magnesium	
1-f.	Generally electrode potential refers to (CO 3)	1
	1. Oxidation potential	
	2. Reduction potential	
	3. Electron potential	
	4. Cannot be determined	
1-g.	Natural rubber is basically a polymer of (CO 4)	1
	1. isoprene	
	2. propylene	
	3. ethylene	
	4. chloroprene	
1-h.	The least functionality of a monomer is convert into polymer is (CO 4)	1
	1. 1	
	2.3	
	3. 2	
	4. 6	
1-i.	For a particular vibrational mode to appear in the Raman spectrum, what must change? (CO 5)	1
	1. Frequency of radiation	
	2. Intensity of radiation	
	3. Molecule's shape	
	4. Molecule's polarizability	
1-j.	The representation of Beer Lambert's law is given as A = abc. If 'b' represents distance, 'c' represents concentration and 'A' represents absorption, what does 'a' represent? (CO 5)	1
	1. Intensity	
	2. Transmittance	
	3. Absorptivity	
	4. Admittance	
2. Attemp	t all parts:-	
2-а.	What is Dulong's Formula? (CO1)	2
2-b.	What is CaCO3 equivalent? (CO 2)	2
2-c.	Why is salt bridge used in the construction of cell?(CO 3)	2
2-d.	What is co-polymerization? Give one example? (CO 4)	2
2-e.	What is chromophore? (CO 5)	2

What is chromophore? (CO 5) 2-е.

SECTION B

30

3. Answer any five of the following-

- 3-a. The ultimate analysis of a coal(moist basis in %): C 69.8 , H 4.6 , N 1.4, O 8.5, S 2.5, H₂O 6
 4.5 and ash 8.7. Calculate, by means of the Dulong's formula, the gross calorific value, of the coal
- 3-b. What do you understand with term lubricant? Give their mechanism (CO1) 6
- 3-c. A zeolite bed, on softening 7000 litres of hard water, required 60 litres of 10% NaCl 6 solution for regeneration. Calculate the hardness of water in ppm
- 3-d. Why does soap do not give lather with hard water?(CO 2)
- 3-e. Explain sacrificial coating and nobel coating (CO 3)
- 3-f. What do you mean by synthetic rubber and give two example with their structure? (CO 4) 6
- 3-g. How many molecular vibration are found in linear and non-linear molecules? Give types of 6 Bending vibrations in IR spectroscopy? (CO 5)

SECTION C

6

6

50

10

10

10

4. Answer any one of the following-

- 4-a. What are Lubricants? Give their mechanism. (CO1)
- 4-b. What do you mean by calorific value? What is the difference between Gross calorific value 10 and Net calorific value and give their relation (CO1)
- 5. Answer any one of the following-
- 5-a. A water sample contains:

 $Mg(HCO_3)_2 = 73mg/L, CaCl_2 = 222mg/L,$

 $MgSO_4 = 12mg/L, Ca(HCO_3)_2 = 162mg/L$

Calculate the quantity of lime (74% pure) and soda (90% pure) for softening 50,000 L of water

5-b. Give a brief description of the following: Triple Point, Metastable Curve, Phase, 10 Component, Degree of Freedom (CO 2)

6. Answer any one of the following-

- 6-a. What is metallic bond? Explain it on the basis of MOT? (CO 3)
- 6-b. What do you mean by battery. Give reactions of charging and discharging of lead storage 10 battery? (CO 3)
- 7. Answer any one of the following-
- 7-a. Write short note on: Conducting Polymers, Biodegradable Polymers (CO 4) 10
- 7-b. Write the preparation and uses of following polymers: Buna-N, Buna-S, Neoprene (CO 4) 10
- 8. Answer any one of the following-
- 8-a. What are stock and anti-stock lines? Give difference between IR and Raman 10 spectroscopy? (CO 5)
- 8-b. How many types of electronic transition shown by the molecule in UV-visible 10 spectroscopy? (CO 5)