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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA

(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

MCA (Integrated)

SEM: VII - THEORY EXAMINATION (2025 - 2026)

Subject: Big Data Analytics

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

General Instructions:

IMP: Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.

1. This Question paper comprises of **three Sections -A, B, & C**. It consists of Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.

2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.

3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.

4. Assume suitable data if necessary.

5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.

6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

SECTION-A

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1. Attempt all parts:-

- 1-a. Identify the 5 Vs of Big Data. (CO1, K1) 1
- (a) Volume, Velocity, Variety, Veracity, Value
- (b) Volume, Variety, Validation, Velocity, Value
- (c) Volume, Velocity, Variety, Visibility, Value
- (d) Volume, Variety, Veracity, Variance, Value
- 1-b. Recall Volume means in Big Data. (CO1, K1) 1
- (a) Amount of data collected and stored
- (b) Speed of data generation
- (c) Types of data
- (d) Data accuracy
- 1-c. Apache Hadoop is maintained under _____ foundation? (CO2, K2) 1
- (a) Linux Foundation
- (b) Apache Software Foundation
- (c) Mozilla Foundation
- (d) Google Foundation
- 1-d. Pig in the Hadoop ecosystem is used for? (CO2, K3) 1
- (a) Batch processing
- (b) Data flow scripting
- (c) Real-time processing
- (d) Data storage
- 1-e. Map Reduce framework is primarily used for. (CO3, K1) 1

- (a) Large-scale data processing
 - (b) Data visualization
 - (c) Security testing
 - (d) Hardware maintenance
- 1-f. Job scheduler in Map Reduce is responsible for. (CO3, K3) 1
- (a) Managing cluster resources
 - (b) Cleaning data
 - (c) Networking configuration
 - (d) Security management
- 1-g. Hadoop Distributed File System is designed for primary purpose? (CO4, K1) 1
- (a) Large data processing
 - (b) Local file access
 - (c) Distributed storage for big data
 - (d) Networking only
- 1-h. By default, HDFS user files are stored under_____ directory? (CO4, K1) 1
- (a) /user directory
 - (b) /root
 - (c) /system
 - (d) /core
- 1-i. Data processing operators belong to component? (CO5, K3) 1
- (a) MapReduce
 - (b) Pig
 - (c) Sqoop
 - (d) Hive
- 1-j. scheduler in YARN aims for equitable resource sharing? (CO5, K3) 1
- (a) Capacity scheduler
 - (b) Round-robin scheduler
 - (c) Resource manager
 - (d) Fair scheduler

2. Attempt all parts:-

- 2.a. Demonstrate compliance auditing in Big Data by citing an industry example. (CO1, K3) 2
- 2.b. Illustrate how Hadoop analyzes large data sets efficiently. (K3, CO2) 2
- 2.c. Analyze how failure recovery is handled during a Map Reduce job run. (CO3, K4) 2
- 2.d. The process of reading a file from HDFS, highlighting each step. (CO4, K3) 2
- 2.e. Describe the difference between fair and capacity schedulers in Hadoop. (CO5, K3) 2

SECTION-B 30

3. Attempt all parts:-

3.a. Answer any one of the following:-

- 3.a.(i) Demonstrate how you would design a solution for real-time sensor data 6

- management using big data technology. (CO1, K3)
- 3.a.(ii) Design a compliance and data protection framework for an enterprise handling global Big Data sets. (CO1, K6) 6
- 3.b. Answer any one of the following:-
- 3.b.(i) Compare HDFS file storage with traditional file systems, mentioning at least three differences. (CO2, K4) 6
- 3.b.(ii) Compare the data format requirements of HDFS and any two Hadoop ecosystem components. (CO2, K4) 6
- 3.c. Answer any one of the following:-
- 3.c.(i) Compare two common input formats used in Map Reduce and mention typical uses. (CO3, K4) 6
- 3.c.(ii) Describe how Map Reduce's fault tolerance ensures job completion even after node failures. (CO3, K4) 6
- 3.d. Answer any one of the following:-
- 3.d.(i) Describe the importance of file and block sizes in HDFS. (CO4, K3) 6
- 3.d.(ii) Describe how block abstraction simplifies data management in HDFS. (CO4, K3) 6
- 3.e. Answer any one of the following:-
- 3.e.(i) Describe the difference between the fair and capacity schedulers in YARN. (CO5, K4) 6
- 3.e.(ii) Describe how MRv1 jobs can run in YARN environment for backward compatibility. (CO5, K4) 6

SECTION-C

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4. Answer any one of the following:-
- 4-a. Compare and contrast the security and privacy frameworks of two Big Data platforms, providing evidence-based recommendations for enterprise adoption. (CO1, K4) 10
- 4-b. Formulate a new Big Data governance model for multinational enterprises operating under diverse regulatory regimes. (CO1, K6) 10
5. Answer any one of the following:-
- 5-a. Compare and contrast Hadoop streaming and Hadoop pipes with examples of when to use each. (CO2, K4) 10
- 5-b. Examine how fault tolerance mechanisms in Hadoop contribute to data integrity during cluster failures. (CO2, K4) 10
6. Answer any one of the following:-
- 6-a. Analyze the Map Reduce architecture and explain how its components interact to process large data sets. (CO3, K4) 10
- 6-b. Discuss the impact of resource allocation and job prioritization on task scheduling in Map Reduce clusters. (CO3, K5) 10
7. Answer any one of the following:-
- 7-a. Explain the design and architecture of HDFS and how it stores large data files. (CO4, K4) 10
- 7-b. Analyze the role of Hadoop benchmarks in capacity planning and performance 10

tuning. (CO4, K5)

8. Answer any one of the following:-

- 8-a. Explain the workflow and components involved in using the Hive shell for data management. (CO5, K4) 10
- 8-b. Discuss how scheduling strategies in YARN impact cluster utilization and job throughput. (CO5, K4) 10

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