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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA
(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

MCA Integrated

SEM: VII - THEORY EXAMINATION (2025 - 2026)

Subject: Internet of Things

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

General Instructions:

IMP: Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.

1. This Question paper comprises of **three Sections -A, B, & C**. It consists of Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.

2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.

3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.

4. Assume suitable data if necessary.

5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.

6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

SECTION-A

20

1. Attempt all parts:-

1-a. Which of the following is NOT a layer of IoT architecture? (CO1,K1)

1

- (a) Perception Layer
- (b) Network Layer
- (c) Application Layer
- (d) Execution Layer

1-b. M2M communication refers to: (CO1,K1)

1

- (a) Human-device interaction
- (b) Device-to-device communication
- (c) Cloud-only exchange
- (d) Manual configuration

1-c. Which of the following is NOT a sensor? (CO2,K1)

1

- (a) Gyroscope
- (b) Accelerometer
- (c) Stepper Motor
- (d) Ultrasonic sensor

1-d. In RFID, the reader is responsible for: (CO2,K2)

1

- (a) Storing data
- (b) Generating radio waves
- (c) Moving objects
- (d) Converting AC to DC

1-e. What is the clock speed of Arduino Uno? (CO3,K1)

1

- (a) 8 MHz
 (b) 16 MHz
 (c) 20 MHz
 (d) 32 MHz
- 1-f. To add two integers in Arduino IDE, which operator is used? (CO3,K1) 1
 (a) +
 (b) -
 (c) *
 (d) %
- 1-g. Which OSI layers correspond to PHY and MAC in IoT networks? (CO4,K1) 1
 (a) Layer 1 & 2
 (b) Layer 3 & 4
 (c) Layer 5 & 6
 (d) Layer 7
- 1-h. BLE operates in which frequency band? (CO4,K1) 1
 (a) 900 MHz
 (b) 2.4 GHz
 (c) 5 GHz
 (d) 60 GHz
- 1-i. Which sensor is commonly used in wearable health devices?(CO5,K2) 1
 (a) ECG sensor
 (b) LDR
 (c) IR proximity sensor
 (d) PIR
- 1-j. Analyze the main challenge in e-health IoT systems.(CO5,K4) 1
 (a) Low latency
 (b) Data privacy & security
 (c) Extra storage
 (d) Simple cabling

2. Attempt all parts:-

- 2.a. Evaluate the effectiveness of XaaS (Everything as a Service) in IoT business models. (CO1,K4) 2
- 2.b. Explain the difference between a sensor and a transducer. (CO2,K2) 2
- 2.c. Write the purpose of the setup() and loop() functions in Arduino IDE. (CO3,K1) 2
- 2.d. Explain the difference between PHY and MAC layers in IoT communication. (CO4,K2) 2
- 2.e. Analyze the benefit of using real-time data in smart energy billing. (CO5,K4) 2

SECTION-B 30

3. Attempt all parts:-

- 3.a. Answer any one of the following:-

- 3.a.(i) Illustrate the role of IoT gateways in connecting devices to cloud platforms. (CO1,K3) 6
- 3.a.(ii) How can we improve the way IoT-enabled e-commerce platforms collect, store, and use information so that decisions become faster and smarter? (CO1,K2) 6
- 3.b. Answer any one of the following:-
- 3.b.(i) Explain the working principles of different types of sensors with examples. (CO2,K2) 6
- 3.b.(ii) How does RFID technology support supply chain and inventory management? (CO2,K3) 6
- 3.c. Answer any one of the following:-
- 3.c.(i) Differentiate between digital pins and analog pins in Arduino with suitable examples. (CO3,K2) 6
- 3.c.(ii) Illustrate the process of writing, compiling, and uploading code using Arduino IDE. (CO3,K2) 6
- 3.d. Answer any one of the following:-
- 3.d.(i) Explain the role of PHY and MAC layers in IoT communication with examples. (CO4,K2) 6
- 3.d.(ii) Apply the concept of BLE advertising and connection modes to a wearable health monitoring device. (CO4,K3) 6
- 3.e. Answer any one of the following:-
- 3.e.(i) Analyze the impact of IoT on reducing traffic congestion in smart cities. (CO5,K4) 6
- 3.e.(ii) Evaluate the role of big data and IoT in improving city governance and citizen services. (CO5,K5) 6

SECTION-C

50

4. Answer any one of the following:-
- 4-a. Explain the role of business processes in IoT deployment with a real-world example. (CO1,K2) 10
- 4-b. Discuss how knowledge management supports innovation and continuous improvement in IoT. (CO1,K2) 10
5. Answer any one of the following:-
- 5-a. Describe the role of actuators in IoT with real-life applications. (CO2,K2) 10
- 5-b. Compare active and passive RFID tags with advantages and limitations. (CO2,K3) 10
6. Answer any one of the following:-
- 6-a. Differentiate between Arduino Uno, Mega, and Nano in terms of memory, pins, and applications. (CO3,K2) 10
- 6-b. Write an Arduino program to perform arithmetic addition of two numbers and display the result on Serial Monitor. (CO3,K3) 10
7. Answer any one of the following:-
- 7-a. Analyze the challenges of PHY layer design in low-power IoT devices. (CO4,K4) 10
- 7-b. Apply BLE architecture to design a wearable health monitoring system. (CO4,K3) 10
8. Answer any one of the following:-

- 8-a. Evaluate the role of AI integration in enhancing smart home automation systems. (CO5,K5) 10
- 8-b. Propose an IoT project where Raspberry Pi acts as a gateway between hardware sensors and mobile apps. (CO5,K6) 10

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