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**NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA**  
(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

**B.Tech**

**SEM: V - THEORY EXAMINATION (2025 - 2026)**

**Subject: Bioenergy Technologies and Systems**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**General Instructions:**

**IMP:** Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.

1. This Question paper comprises of **three Sections -A, B, & C**. It consists of Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.

2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.

3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.

4. Assume suitable data if necessary.

5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.

6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

**SECTION-A**

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1. Attempt all parts:-

- 1-a. Biobased fuels have not reached the potential commercial market because of \_\_\_\_\_ (CO1, K1) 1
- (a) Low cost
- (b) High cost
- (c) Seasonal variation in the cost
- (d) Variations in different batch productions
- 1-b. Biomass refers to (CO1, K1) 1
- (a) Plants
- (b) Animals
- (c) Microbes
- (d) All of the above
- 1-c. Yeast is used in the production of (CO2, K1) 1
- (a) Ethyl alcohol
- (b) Acetic acid
- (c) Cheese
- (d) Curd
- 1-d. Production of bioethanol is through fermentation of \_\_\_\_\_ and starch components (CO2, K1) 1
- (a) Alcohol
- (b) Sugar
- (c) Milk
- (d) Acid

- 1-e. What does the term valorization mean in the context of biorefineries? (CO3, K1) 1
- (a) The process of degrading biomass into simpler compounds
  - (b) The process of extracting the maximum value from biomass by producing high-value products
  - (c) The process of minimizing waste generation in a biorefinery
  - (d) The process of optimizing energy efficiency in a biorefinery
- 1-f. Which of the following is a key challenge in improving the overall performance of biorefineries? (CO3, K1) 1
- (a) Technological advancements
  - (b) Lack of renewable feedstock
  - (c) Regulatory restrictions
  - (d) Reducing production cost
- 1-g. Scrubbers are used to remove which type of contaminants from gas streams? (CO4, K1) 1
- (a) Particulate matter
  - (b) Oxygen
  - (c) Nitrogen
  - (d) Gases such as SO<sub>2</sub> or H<sub>2</sub>S
- 1-h. Energy resources obtained from natural organic materials are called \_\_\_\_\_ (CO4, K1) 1
- (a) geothermal energy
  - (b) Fossil fuels
  - (c) biomass
  - (d) none of the above
- 1-i. TEA analysis involves three components which are \_\_\_\_\_ (CO5, K1) 1
- (a) input
  - (b) development
  - (c) assessment
  - (d) all of the above
- 1-j. SuperPro Designer is a valuable tool for engineers and scientists in \_\_\_\_\_ (CO5, K1) 1
- (a) process development
  - (b) process engineering
  - (c) manufacturing
  - (d) All of the above

2. Attempt all parts:-

- 2.a. What are drop in fuels? (CO1, K1) 2
- 2.b. What do you understand by farm waste? (CO2, K1) 2
- 2.c. List few agricultural residues which can be employed as feedstock. (CO3, K1) 2
- 2.d. What do you mean by anaerobic digestion? (CO4, K1) 2
- 2.e. What do you mean by Genetic algorithm? (CO5, K1) 2

**SECTION-B**

30

3. Attempt all parts:-

3.a. Answer any one of the following:-

- 3.a.(i) Describe the US-EIA guidelines for classification of biofuels. (CO1, K2) 6
- 3.a.(ii) Differentiate between bioheat and biopower. How these can be correlated with each other? (CO1, K2) 6

3.b. Answer any one of the following:-

- 3.b.(i) Which method is used to analyze forest waste? Write in detail the concept of that particular method. (CO2, K2) 6
- 3.b.(ii) What are the advantages and shortcomings of residual feedstock as biomass related biofuels? (CO2, K2) 6

3.c. Answer any one of the following:-

- 3.c.(i) Diagrammatically represent the carbon assimilation in integrated refineries (CO3, K2) 6
- 3.c.(ii) Explain the production of biopolymers. Give few examples of biopolymers. (CO3, K2) 6

3.d. Answer any one of the following:-

- 3.d.(i) Describe the concept of gasification.(CO4, K2) 6
- 3.d.(ii) Express the production of ethanol from starchy biomass with the help of flow diagram. (CO4, K2) 6

3.e. Answer any one of the following:-

- 3.e.(i) Differentiate between Plackett-Burman and Response surface methodology. (CO5, K2) 6
- 3.e.(ii) Discuss the application of machine learning in optimizing a process. (CO5, K2) 6

**SECTION-C**

50

4. Answer any one of the following:-

- 4-a. Diagrammatically represent the production of aviation fuels from wood as a feedstock. (CO1, K3) 10
- 4-b. How carbon neutral biofuel production is beneficial in creating the ecofriendly environment? Discuss three methods for biomass generation. (CO1, K3) 10

5. Answer any one of the following:-

- 5-a. Explain the concept of agricultural waste, its various kinds and how it can impact human health adversely. (CO2, K3) 10
- 5-b. How can you differentiate between different types of biofuels? Explain the advantages and disadvantages associated with them. (CO2, K3) 10

6. Answer any one of the following:-

- 6-a. What do you understand by life cycle assessment? Explain with the help of flow diagram. (CO3, K3) 10
- 6-b. Explain with flow diagram the generation of value added products from the wastes produced from food industry. (CO3, K3) 10

7. Answer any one of the following:-

- 7-a. What do you understand by the concept of thermochemical conversion? Discuss combustion, gasification and pyrolysis aspects w.r.t. thermochemical conversion. (CO4, K3) 10
- 7-b. State combustion, gasification and pyrolysis. How these methods contribute in biofuel production. (CO4, K3) 10
8. Answer any one of the following:-
- 8-a. Explain genetic algorithms, gradient descent and exhaustive search approach for optimization strategy. (CO5, K3) 10
- 8-b. How simulators are boon to the society? Explain its usage for ethanol production using SuperPro software. (CO5, K3) 10

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