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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA
(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

B.Tech

SEM: V - THEORY EXAMINATION (2025 - 2026)

Subject: Image Processing and pattern Recognition

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

General Instructions:

IMP: Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.

1. This Question paper comprises of **three Sections -A, B, & C**. It consists of Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.

2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.

3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.

4. Assume suitable data if necessary.

5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.

6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

SECTION-A

20

1. Attempt all parts:-

- 1-a. If the pixel value is '0' then it represents ___ color?(CO1,K1) 1
- (a) White
- (b) Black
- (c) Red
- (d) Grey
- 1-b. What is the first and foremost step in Image Processing?(CO1,K1) 1
- (a) Image restoration
- (b) Image enhancement
- (c) Image acquisition
- (d) Segmentation
- 1-c. What is the name of the process, which reverses the image's intensity? (CO2,K1) 1
- (a) Piecewise Linear Transformations
- (b) Image Negatives
- (c) Log Transformations
- (d) None of the above
- 1-d. What is the main idea behind grey-level slicing?(CO2,K1) 1
- (a) For brightening the relevant grey-valued pixels and preserving the background
- (b) To give all grey levels of a specific range high value and a low value to all other grey levels.
- (c) All of the above
- (d) None of the above

- 1-e. The purpose of image restoration is to (CO3,K1) 1
- (a) Enhance the original image
 - (b) Degrade the original image
 - (c) Retrieve the original image
 - (d) None of the mentioned
- 1-f. Which one of the following noise is mostly found in medical ultrasound images?(CO3,K1) 1
- (a) Additive Noise
 - (b) Multiplicative Noise
 - (c) Speckle Noise
 - (d) None of the above
- 1-g. Accuracy of image segmentation can be improved by the type of:(CO4,K1) 1
- (a) Image
 - (b) Division
 - (c) Processes
 - (d) Sensors
- 1-h. What are the two approaches to segmentation?(CO4,K1) 1
- (a) Haar-like feature & 3-D rectangle approach
 - (b) Region based segmentation & edge segmentation
 - (c) Adaboost approach & edge segmentation
 - (d) None of the above
- 1-i. Color model used for printers (CO5,K1) 1
- (a) CMYK
 - (b) RCB
 - (c) RGB
 - (d) CMR
- 1-j. What are the characteristics that are used to distinguish one color from the other?(CO5,K1) 1
- (a) Brightness, Hue, and Saturation
 - (b) Hue, Brightness, and Intensity
 - (c) Saturation, Hue
 - (d) Brightness, Saturation, and Intensity
2. Attempt all parts:-
- 2.a. What is feature extraction?(CO1,K2) 2
- 2.b. What is meant by histogram equalization? (CO2,K2) 2
- 2.c. Define median and mid-point filter.(CO3,K2) 2
- 2.d. How the derivatives are obtained in edge detection during formulation?(CO4,K2) 2
- 2.e. Define "Intensity Slicing".(CO5,K2) 2

SECTION-B

30

3. Attempt all parts:-

3.a. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
3.a.(i) Explain image sampling and quantization with an example. (CO1,K2)	6
3.a.(ii) Define simple image formation model for object having the property of reflectance.(CO1,K2)	6
3.b. Answer any one of the following:-	
3.b.(i) Write a short note on image sharpening filters in spatial domain.(CO2,K2)	6
3.b.(ii) Write a short note on image smoothening filters in frequency domain. (CO2,K2)	6
3.c. Answer any one of the following:-	
3.c.(i) Explain different types of noise based on source.(CO3,K2)	6
3.c.(ii) Explain (i) Median filter (ii) Mid – point filter.(CO3,K2)	6
3.d. Answer any one of the following:-	
3.d.(i) What is Edge & Line detection?(CO4,K2)	6
3.d.(ii) What do you understand by morphological watershed?(CO4,K2)	6
3.e. Answer any one of the following:-	
3.e.(i) Explain the Pseudo colouring process with suitable example. (CO5,K4)	6
3.e.(ii) Discuss procedure for conversion from HSI color model to RGB color model.(CO5,K2)	6
SECTION-C	50
4. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a. What is image acquisition using sensor arrays? Explain.(CO1,K2)	10
4-b. What is digital image? Explain different types of neighbors of a pixel in a digital image. Explain with an example. (CO1,K2)	10
5. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
5-a. What are image sharpening filters in spatial domain? Explain the various types of it in detail.(CO2,K2)	10
5-b. Compare the various image transformation technique. (CO2,K4)	10
6. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
6-a. What do you understand by inverse filtering? Explain in detail.(CO3,K2)	10
6-b. What do you understand by quantization noise and photon noise? Explain in detail.(CO3,K2)	10
7. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
7-a. Explain thinning and thickening operation with suitable example.(CO4,K2)	10
7-b. Explain Otsu and adaptive thresholding techniques. (CO4,K2)	10
8. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
8-a. What are the different color models used in image processing? Explain in detail. Give the conversion formula between RGB to HSI model and vice-verca.(CO5,K4)	10
8-b. What is morphological image processing? Write a note on Erosion and Dilation.(CO5,K4)	10