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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA

(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

MCA

SEM: II - THEORY EXAMINATION (2024 - 2025)

Subject: Database Systems

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

General Instructions:

IMP: Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.

1. This Question paper comprises of **three Sections -A, B, & C**. It consists of Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.
2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.
3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
4. Assume suitable data if necessary.
5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.
6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

SECTION-A

20

1. Attempt all parts:-

- 1-a. An _____ represents a real world object or thing. (CO1, K1) 1
- (a) File
 - (b) Entity
 - (c) Record
 - (d) Attribute
- 1-b. The constraints on relationship types can be of the type _____(CO1, K1) 1
- (a) 1:1
 - (b) 1:N
 - (c) N:M
 - (d) all of the above
- 1-c. If there is a functional dependency $X \rightarrow Y$ (CO2, K2) 1
- (a) No two rows can be equal
 - (b) Wherever the X value agrees, the Y value also agrees
 - (c) There exists a Superkey
 - (d) none of the above
- 1-d. How do you add a column named "email" to a table named "users"? (CO2, K2) 1
- (a) ADD COLUMN email TO users;
 - (b) INSERT COLUMN email INTO users;

- (c) ALTER TABLE users ADD COLUMN email;
- (d) MODIFY TABLE users ADD email;
- 1-e. Which SQL statement will return distinct job titles from the "jobs" table?(CO3, K2) 1
- (a) SELECT DISTINCT job_title FROM jobs;
- (b) SELECT job_title FROM jobs GROUP BY job_title;
- (c) SELECT UNIQUE job_title FROM jobs;
- (d) SELECT job_title FROM jobs ORDER BY DISTINCT;
- 1-f. Which SQL query correctly uses the INTERSECT operator to find common "customer_id" values in "orders" and "returns" tables? (CO3, K2) 1
- (a) SELECT customer_id FROM orders JOIN SELECT customer_id FROM returns;
- (b) SELECT customer_id FROM orders INTERSECT SELECT customer_id FROM returns;
- (c) SELECT customer_id FROM orders UNION SELECT customer_id FROM returns;
- (d) SELECT customer_id FROM orders EXCEPT SELECT customer_id FROM returns;
- 1-g. Which of the following optional structure is used to improve the performance of a query performed on a table in SQL? (CO4, K2) 1
- (a) View
- (b) Index
- (c) Constraint
- (d) Table
- 1-h. Cascading Rollback means _____(CO4, K2) 1
- (a) A rollback will in turn cause other transactions to rollback.
- (b) A rollback will occur in one transaction
- (c) A rollback may or maynot occur in one transaction
- (d) None of the above
- 1-i. A document is a set of ____.(CO5, K1) 1
- (a) Key-value pairs
- (b) Application pairs
- (c) Activity pair set
- (d) None of the mentioned above
- 1-j. How do you update multiple documents in a MongoDB collection?(CO5, K1) 1
- (a) db.collection.updateOne()
- (b) db.collection.updateMany()
- (c) db.collection.updateAll()
- (d) db.collection.modifyMany()

2. Attempt all parts:-

2.a.	Give the levels of data abstraction.(CO1, K1)	2
2.b.	Implement 'Check' constraints with suitable example.(CO2, K3)	2
2.c.	Define cartesian product with example.(CO3, K2)	2
2.d.	Implement trigger in PL/SQL (CO4, K3)	2
2.e.	Write two advantages of MongoDB(CO4,K2)	2

SECTION-B

30

3. Answer any five of the following:-

3-a.	Draw ER diagram for Ternary Relationship set with suitable example?(CO1, K2)	6
3-b.	Explain Generalization and Specialization with suitable example.(CO1, K2)	6
3-c.	Explain Referential Integrity Constraint.(CO2, K2)	6
3-d.	Explain 1NF and 2NF with suitable example, (CO2, K2)	6
3.e.	Differentiate left outer join, right outer join and full outer join.(CO3, K3)	6
3.f.	Explain the ACID properties with examples.(CO4, K2)	6
3.g.	Explain the terms Databases, Collections and Documents with the help of examples.(CO5, K2)	6

SECTION-C

50

4. Answer any one of the following:-

4-a.	Explain the logical and physical data independence in detail. (CO1, K2)	10
4-b.	What are the various constraints on relationship? Explain constraints of EER diagram also. (CO1, K3)	10

5. Answer any one of the following:-

5-a.	Consider the relation scheme R(E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N) and the set of functional dependencies- (CO2, K3) $\{ E, F \} \rightarrow \{ G \}$ $\{ F \} \rightarrow \{ I, J \}$ $\{ E, H \} \rightarrow \{ K, L \}$ $\{ K \} \rightarrow \{ M \}$ $\{ L \} \rightarrow \{ N \}$ what is the key for R?	10
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5-b.	Given a relational Schema R(A, B, C, D) and set of Function Dependency FD = { $B \rightarrow A$, $AD \rightarrow BC$, $C \rightarrow ABD$ }. Find the canonical cover?(CO2, K3)	10
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6. Answer any one of the following:-

6-a.	What do you mean by division operation in relational algebra? Write a query to explain division operation in detail. (CO3, K3)	10
6-b.	Explore the significance of EXISTS and NOT EXISTS operators in SQL queries.Provide examples demonstrating the use of EXISTS and NOT EXISTS to test for the existence or non-existence of rows based on sub-query results. (CO3, K3)	10

7. Answer any one of the following:-

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|---|---|----|
| 7-a. | Describe conflict equivalent schedule with example.(CO4, K2) | 10 |
| 7-b. | Explain cursor in PL/SQL with the help of an example(CO4, K3) | 10 |
| 8. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:- | | |
| 8-a. | Describe NoSQL Data Models with Examples.(CO5, K3) | 10 |
| 8-b. | Discuss Aggregation in MongoDB with Examples.(CO5, K3) | 10 |

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