Printed Pag	ge:-04	Subject Code:- BMBAMK0313
		Roll. No:
NOID	A INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING A	ND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA
	(An Autonomous Institute Aff	iliated to AKTU, Lucknow)
	MB	
	SEM: III - THEORY EXAM	
Time: 3 H	Subject:Consum	ner Benaviour Max. Marks: 100
General Ins		Wax. Warks. 100
		aper with the correct course, code, branch etc.
		s -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice
Questions ((MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.	
	m marks for each question are indicated	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	e your answers with neat sketches wher	ever necessary.
	suitable data if necessary.	a.u.
•	ply, write the answers in sequential order t should be left blank. Any written mater	
evaluated/c	· · ·	riai ajier a biank sneei wiii noi be
	, recincul	
SECTION-A		20
1. Attempt	all parts:-	
1-a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	dual customers, groups or organizations 1
	elect, buy, use, and dispose ideas, good vants. (CO1,K2)	s, and services to satisfy their needs and
(a)	Consumer behavior	
(b)	Sales Behavior	
(c)	Marketing Behavior	
(d)	None of these	
1-b	marketing can connect dista	ant customers. (CO1,K2)
(a)	Indirect	, ,
(b)	Direct	
(c)	Tele	
(d)	None of these	
` ′	Specific behavior will occur in the future	e as a result of . (CO2,K2) 1
		c as a result of (CO2,K2)
(a)	Sensation	
(b)	Stimuli	
(c)	Perception	
(d)	None of these	
1-d	•	nomogeneous divisions within a society 1 needs, lifestyles, and behavior. (CO2,K1)

	(a)	Culture	
	(b)	Subculture	
	(c)	Lifestyle	
	(d)	Social Class	
1-e.		according to the Howard-Sheth Model, which of the following is not one of the najor sets of variables (CO3,K1)	1
	(a)	Inputs	
	(b)	Outputs	
	(c)	Feedback mechanisms	
	(d)	Exogenous variables	
1-f.	T	he term "locus of control" in attribution theory refer to (CO3,K2)	1
	(a)	The permanence of a cause	
	(b)	The origin of a cause being internal or external	
	(c)	The controllability of a cause	
	(d)	None of above	
1-g.	 Se	stage of the consumer adoption process involves customers actively eeking information about the product. (CO4,K1)]
	(a)	Product Awareness	
	(b)	Product Interest	
	(c)	Product Evaluation	
	(d)	Product Trial	
1-h.	P	ost-purchase behavior is largely influenced by (CO4,K2)	1
	(a)	Pre-purchase advertising	
	(b)	Cognitive dissonance	
	(c)	The number of alternatives considered	
	(d)	The length of the purchase process	
1-i.	C	onsumer behavior primarily concerned with (CO5,K2)	1
	(a)	Selling techniques	
	(b)	Consumer complaints	
	(c)	How consumers search for, purchase, use, and dispose of products and services	
	(d)	Employee behavior	
1-j.		he primary focus of attribution theory is(CO5,K2)	1
J	(a)	Understanding consumer preferences	
	(b)	Explaining causes of events and behaviors	
	(c)	Improving product design	
	(d)	Pricing strategies	
2. Att		all parts:-	
2.a.		escribe recreational shopping with proper example. (CO1,K2)	9
		range (Colins,)	_

2.b.	Describe positive word of mouth. (CO2,K2)	2
2.c.	Explain the various factors one should considers while comparing two brands. (CO3,K4)	2
2.d.	Define "Interpersonal Attribution". (CO4,K2)	2
2.e.	Describe "Online Buying Behaviour". (CO5,K2)	2
SECTIO	<u>ON-B</u>	30
3. Answe	er any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	Write a comprehensive note on consumer need and motives. (CO1,K2)	6
3-b.	Discuss the process of Diffusion of Innovation in detail. (CO1,K2)	6
3-c.	Explain the role of personal influences in purchase decision. (CO2,K4)	6
3-d.	"Consumer behaviour as a field of study examines external influences on consumption decisions". Discuss. (CO2,K4)	6
3.e.	Highlight on various demographic factors affecting consumer behaviour with e.g. (CO3,K2)	6
3.f.	Discuss any 10 examples of diffusion of innovation. (CO4,K6)	6
3.g.	Suggest atleast 10 live examples of Brand positioning. (CO5,K6)	6
SECTIO	<u>ON-C</u>	50
4. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a.	Explain the importance of understanding consumer behavior with the help of suitable examples. (CO1,K2)	10
4-b.	Explain various cultural factors that can effect the consumer behaviour with proper e.g. (CO1,K2)	10
5. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
5-a.	Discuss the perceptual process in detail. Also analyze its applications in Consumer Behaviour. (CO2,K4)	10
5-b.	"Learning stimulates the consumer buying process and purchase decisions" Analyse the above statement by giving suitable e.g. (CO2,K4)	10
6. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
6-a.	"Consumer decision making process is not simple as it seems to be" Justify the statement by explaning the process with proper e.g. (CO3,K2)	10
6-b.	Explain Black Box Model with proper e.g. and diagram. (CO3,K2)	10
7. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
7-a.	Explain the Three dimensional model of consumer decision making with e.g. (CO4,K1)	10
7-b.	"Personal factors such as age, income, lifestyle, and personality influence a consumer's decision to adopt a new product or technology" Discuss. (CO4,K4)	10
8. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
8-a.	"The process of Global consumer behaviour differs from normal consumer	10

behaviour" Justify the statement by explaining all the steps of Global Consumer Behaviour. (CO5,K2)

8-b. Briefly explain about the various patterns of consumer buying habits. (CO5,K2)

10

