Printed Page:-03	Subject Code:- BBCA0101				
	Roll. No:				
	ING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA				
(An Autonomous Institu	(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)				
SEM· I - THEORY F	BCA XAMINATION (2024 -2025)				
	Fundamentals & Networking				
Time: 3 Hours	Max. Marks: 100				
General Instructions:					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	stion paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.				
Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions	Sections -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice				
	dicated on right -hand side of each question.				
3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
4. Assume suitable data if necessary.					
5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential					
6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written evaluated/checked.	n material after a blank sheet will not be				
ечанианеа/спескеа.					
SECTION-A	20				
1. Attempt all parts:-					
1-a. Which of the following is the sma	illest visual element on a video monitor? (CO1,				
K2)					
(a) Character					
(b) Pixels					
(c) Byte					
(d) Bit					
1-b. Which of the following is an input	at device? (CO1, K2)				
(a) Plotter					
(b) Printer					
(c) VDU					
(d) Mouse					
1-c. Bug means (CO2, K1)	1				
(a) logical errors in the program					
(b) syntax error in the program					
(c) runtime error					
(d) All of the above					
1-d. A mistake in an algorithm that generates incorrect results or output is called (CO2, K2)					
(a) logical error					

	(b)	syntax error	
	(c)	compile-time error	
	(d)	procedural error	
1-e.	T	he term HTTP stands for? (CO3, K2)	1
	(a)	Hyper terminal tracing program	
	(b)	Hypertext tracing protocol	
	(c)	Hypertext transfer protocol	
	(d)	Hypertext transfer program	
1-f.		The term WAN stands for? (CO3, K1)	1
	(a)	Wide area Network	
	(b)	Wide Area Net	
	(c)	Wide Area Acess	
	(d)	Wide Acess Net	
1-g.	S	imulation is used to determine (CO4, K2)	1
	(a)	Bit error rate	
	(b)	Symbol error rate	
	(c)	Bit error	
	(d)	Symbol error	
1-h.	7	Symbol error Which is called as on-off keying? (CO4, K1) Amplitude shift keying Uni-polar PAM	1
	(a)	Amplitude shift keying	
	(b)	Uni-polar PAM	
	(c)	Amplitude shift keying & Uni-polar PAM	
	(d)	None of the these	
1-i.	Н	ow many layers are there in the TCP/IP model? (CO5, K1)	1
	(a)	4	
	(b)	5	
	(c)	6	
	(d)	7	
1-j.	T	he MAC address is associated with which layer of the OSI model? (CO5, K2)	1
	(a)	Physical layer	
	(b)	Data Link layer	
	(c)	Network layer	
	(d)	Transport layer	
2. Att	empt a	all parts:-	
2.a.	L	ist various types of number system. (CO1, K2)	2
2.b.	D	efine Assembly language. (CO2, K2)	2
2.c.	W	What is Internet? (CO3, K2)	

2.d.	Define ISDN? (CO4, K1)	2
2.e.	Explain the concept of flow control in the Data Link Layer. (CO5, K2)	2
SECTIO	<u>ON-B</u>	30
3. Answe	er any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	Define primary and secondary memory with suitable example. Also difference between Primary and Secondary memory. (CO1, K3)	6
3-b.	Explain Printer and it's type in detail. (CO1, K2)	6
3-c.	Describe Operating system and it's various functions. (CO2, K3)	6
3-d.	Define attack. Also compare Active and Passive attack. (CO2, K3)	6
3.e.	Explain transmission media and it's types with suitable diagram. (CO3, K2)	6
3.f.	Discuss various functionalities of Application layer and Internet Layer in TCP/IP model. (CO4, K3)	6
3.g.	Compare Stop-and-Wait ARQ with Go-Back-N ARQ and Selective Repeat ARQ. (CO5, K4)	6
SECTIO	<u>ON-C</u>	50
4. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a.	Explain various generations of Computer. (CO1, K4)	10
4-b.	Define memory. Explain various types ROM in detail. Also compare RAM & ROM. (CO1, K4)	10
5. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
5-a.	Describe various types of languages in computer with suitable example. (CO2, K4)	10
5-b.	Explain Three-way handshake and CIA triangle. (CO2, K4)	10
6. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
6-a.	In Satellite communications, different frequency bands are used for the uplink and the downlink. why this pattern occurs. (CO3, K4)	10
6-b.	Define OSI model. Discuss functionalities of each layer of OSI model. (CO3, K3)	10
7. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
7-a.	What are the different protocols used in each layer of OSI model? (CO4, K4)	10
7-b.	Short note on: A) Port Number B) Socket addressing and C) PDU (CO4, K3)	10
8. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
8-a.	Compare and contrast TCP & UDP protocols in detail with their header format. (CO5, K5)	10
8-b.	Discuss classful & classless IP addressing. Also discuss various types of classful addressing in detail. (CO5, K4)	10