Printe	ed Pa	ge:- 03 Subject Code:- AMICSE0304 Roll. No:					
NO	IDA I	INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA					
	(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)						
		M.Tech(Integrated)					
		SEM: III - THEORY EXAMINATION - (2024- 2025) Subject: Digital Logic & Circuit Design					
Tim	e: 3 F	Hours Max. Marks: 100					
		structions:					
		y that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.					
1. This Question paper comprises of three Sections -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice							
		MCQ's) & Subjective type questions. The marks for each question are indicated on right shand side of each question.					
		n marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question. your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.					
		uitable data if necessary.					
		ly, write the answers in sequential order.					
		should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be					
evalua	ited/ci	hecked.					
CECT	TANT	A 20					
SECT							
	•	all parts:-					
1-a.		expression consists of several product terms logically added. (CO1,K1)					
	(a)	Sum of products					
	(b)	Canonical POS form					
	(c)	Minterm					
	(d)	Switch					
1-b.		he Gray code for binary number 110010 is (CO1,K2)					
	(a)	10101					
	(b)	11011					
	(c)	1000					
	(d)	101011					
1-c.	O	ne that is not the outcome of magnitude comparator is (CO2,K1)					
	(a)	a > b					
	(b)	a - b					
	(c)	a < b					
	(d)	a = b					
1-d.		Iultiplexers, demultiplexers, decoders, encoders arelogic 1 rcuits. (CO2,K1)					
	(a)	Sequential circuir					
	(b)	Combinational circuit					

	(c)	Synchronous sequential circuit	
	(d)	Asynchronous sequential circuit	
1-e.		A 5-bit asynchronous binary counter is made up of five flip-flops, each with a 12 s propagation delay. The total propagation delay is (CO3,K1)	1
	(a)	12 ms	
	(b)	24 ns	
	(c)	48 ns	
	(d)	60 ns	
1-f.	The D flip flop obtained from SR flip flop by just putting (CO3,K1)		
	(a)	one invertor between S & R terminal	
	(b)	connecting S & R terminal together	
	(c)	feedback the output in feed to the S & R terminal using XOR gate	
	(d)	None of These	
1-g.	T	he delay elements provide (CO4,K1)	1
	(a)	large memory	
	(b)	outputs	
	(c)	clock pulses	
	(d)	short term memory	
1-h.	The logic circuits whose outputs at any instant of time depends on both, present input and past outputs are called(CO4,K1)		
	(a)	Combinational circuits	
	(b)	Sequential circuits	
	(c)	Latches	
	(d)	Flip-flops	
1-i.	The full form of EPROM is(CO5,K1)		
	(a)	Easy Programmable Read Only Memory	
	(b)	Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory	
	(c)	Eradicate Programmable Read Only Memory	
	(d)	Easy Programmable Read Out MemoryOR gate	
1-j.		LDs with programmable AND and fixed OR arrays is called s (CO5,K1)	1
	(a)	PAL	
	(b)	PLA	
	(c)	APL	
	(d)	PPL	
2. Atı	empt	all parts:-	
2.a.	D	Define Canonical form representation of Boolean Function. (CO1,K2)	2
2.b.	D	braw the circuit diagram of 1 bit binary comparator. (CO2,K2)	2

2.c.	Write the excitation tables for JK and T flip flops. (CO3,K2)	2
2.d.	Define primitive flow table with an example. (CO4,K2)	2
2.e.	What is the major difference between DRAM and SRAM? (CO5,K1)	2
SECT	ION-B	30
3. Ans	wer any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	Explain prime implicants, essential prime implicants and selective prime implicants. (CO1,K2)	6
3-b.	Find the minimized form of $Y = A'B' C' + A'B C' + AB'C + AD$ using K-map. (CO1,K3)	6
3-c.	Explain BCD Adder with proper logic circuit diagram. (CO2,K2)	6
3-d.	Implement the following Boolean function with 8:1 multiplexer (CO3,K3) $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0,2,4,7, 11 12,15)$	6
3.e.	Explain the different types of shift register in details. (CO3,K2)	6
3.f.	Explain the following related to asynchronous circuits. (CO4,K2) a. Hazards b. Oscillations c. Critical Races	6
3.g.	Give the comparison between PROM, EPROM and EEPROM. (CO5,K2)	6
SECTION-C		
4. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a.	Minimize the given four variable logic function using K-Map OR Quine Mc-Clusky Method:- (CO1,K3) $F(A, B, C, D) = \Sigma m (0,1, 2, 3,5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14)$	10
4-b.	What is Hamming Code? Construct the hamming code for data 10110110. Use even parity (CO1,K3)	10
5. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
5-a.	Design 4 bit Gray to binary code converter. (CO2,K3)	10
5-b.	Implement a full adder using a decoder. (CO2,K3)	10
6. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
6-a.	Explain Johnson Counter and compare it with simple Ring Counter. (CO3,K3)	10
6-b.	What is a flip-flop? Convert D F/F into T F/F. (CO3,K3)	10
7. Ans	wer any one of the following:-	
7-a.	Enlist the categories of state machines and Draw the state and flow table of asynchronous counter. (CO4,K2)	10
7-b.	Explain state table and state diagram with the help of an example. (CO4,K2)	10
8. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
8-a.	Draw the block diagram of PLA. Also implement the function with PLA OR PROM. (CO5,K3) F1 = $\Sigma m(0.1.4.5)$ and F2 = $\Sigma m(1.2.5.6)$	10
8-h	$F1 = \sum m(0,1,4,5)$ and $F2 = \sum m(1,2,5,6)$ Compare PROM PLA & PAL in details (CO5 K2)	10
(3-1)	COMPAGE ENCLY ELA (VEAL MEDERALS CUL) N/J	117